

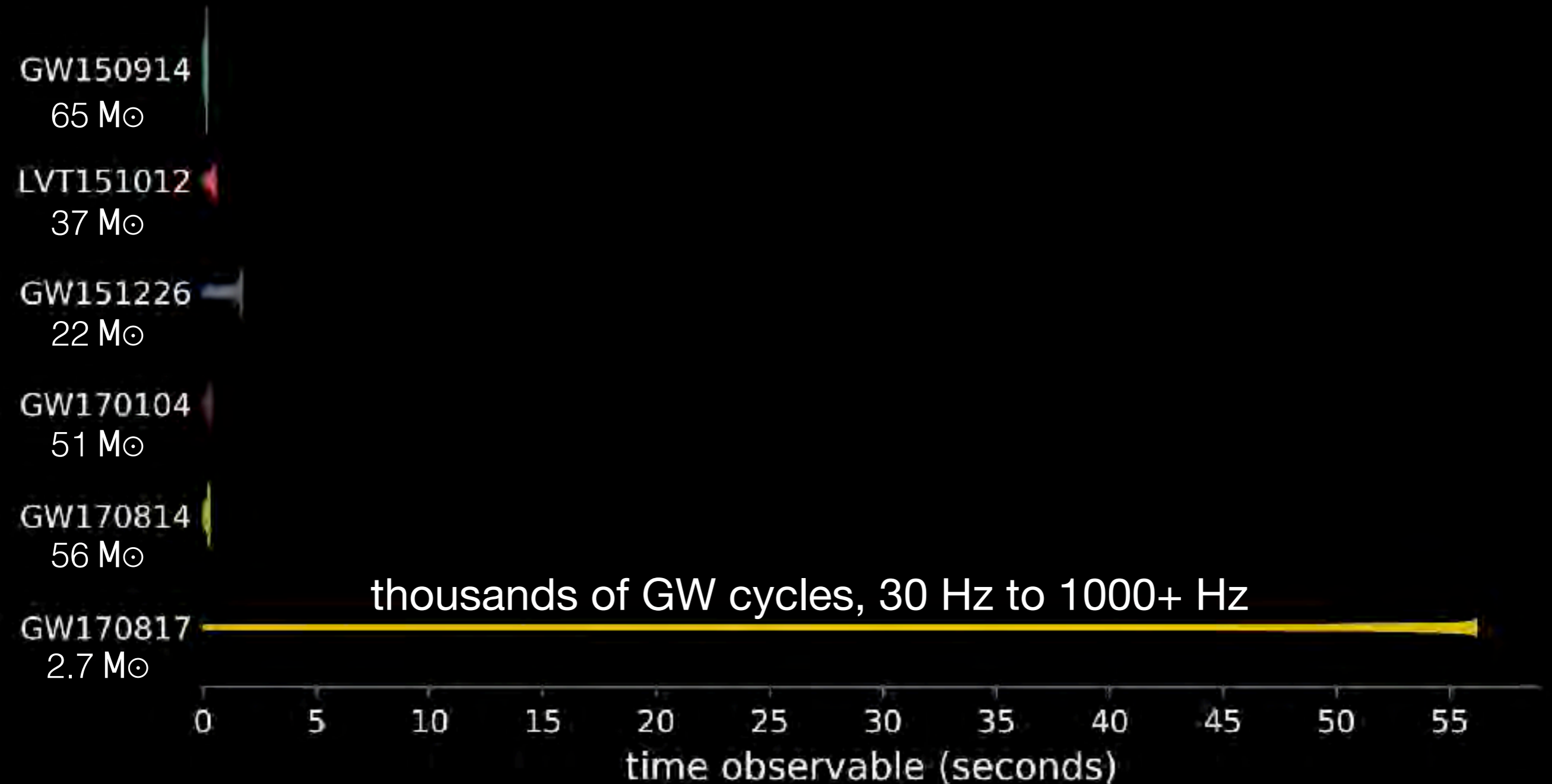
The source of GW170817: neutron-star properties

Jocelyn Read
CSU Fullerton
JINA-CEE Livestream
1 Dec 2017

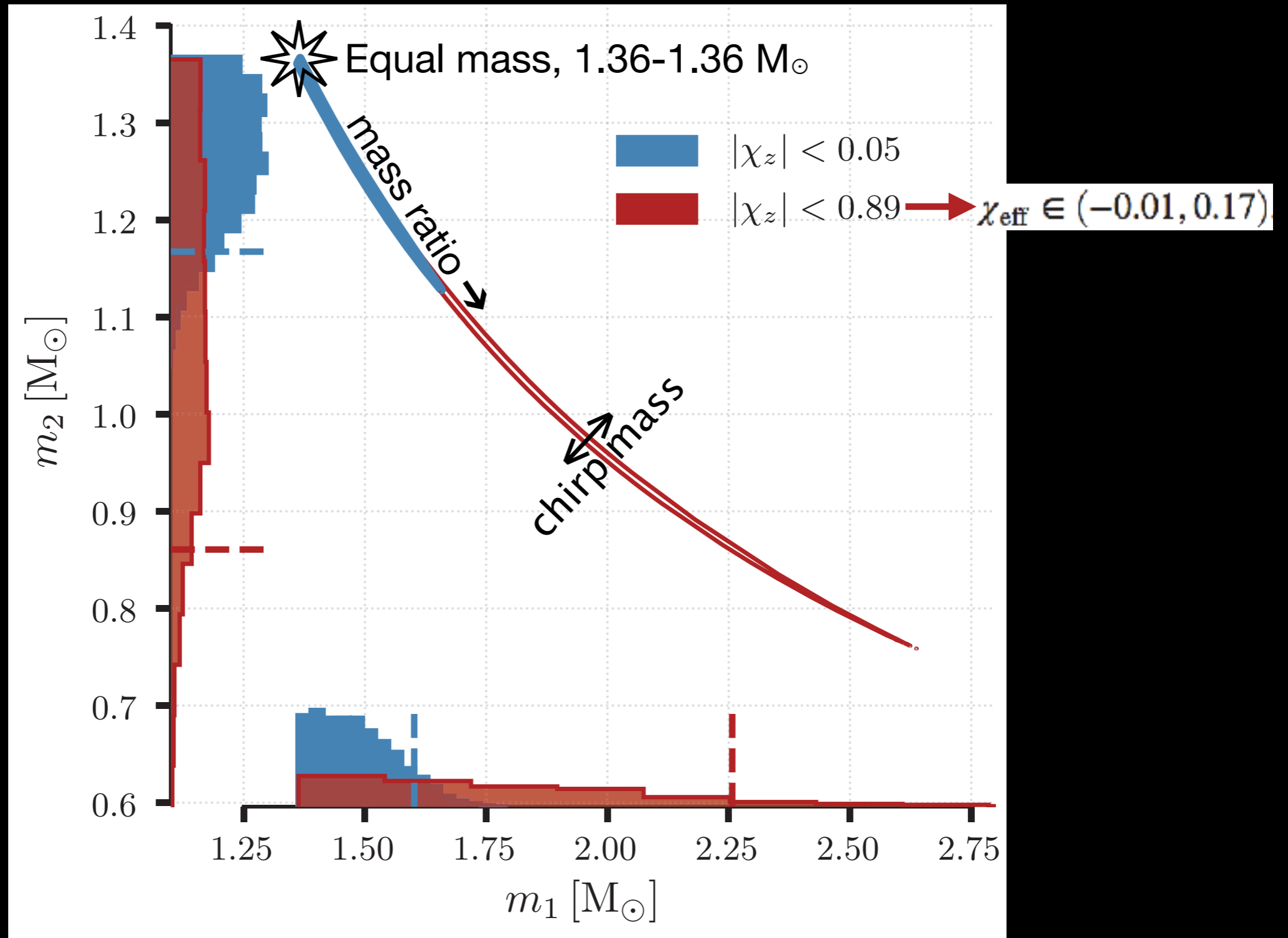
LIGO/Virgo data
simulation image: T. Dietrich(AEI/FSU)/BAM

Neutron-star merger

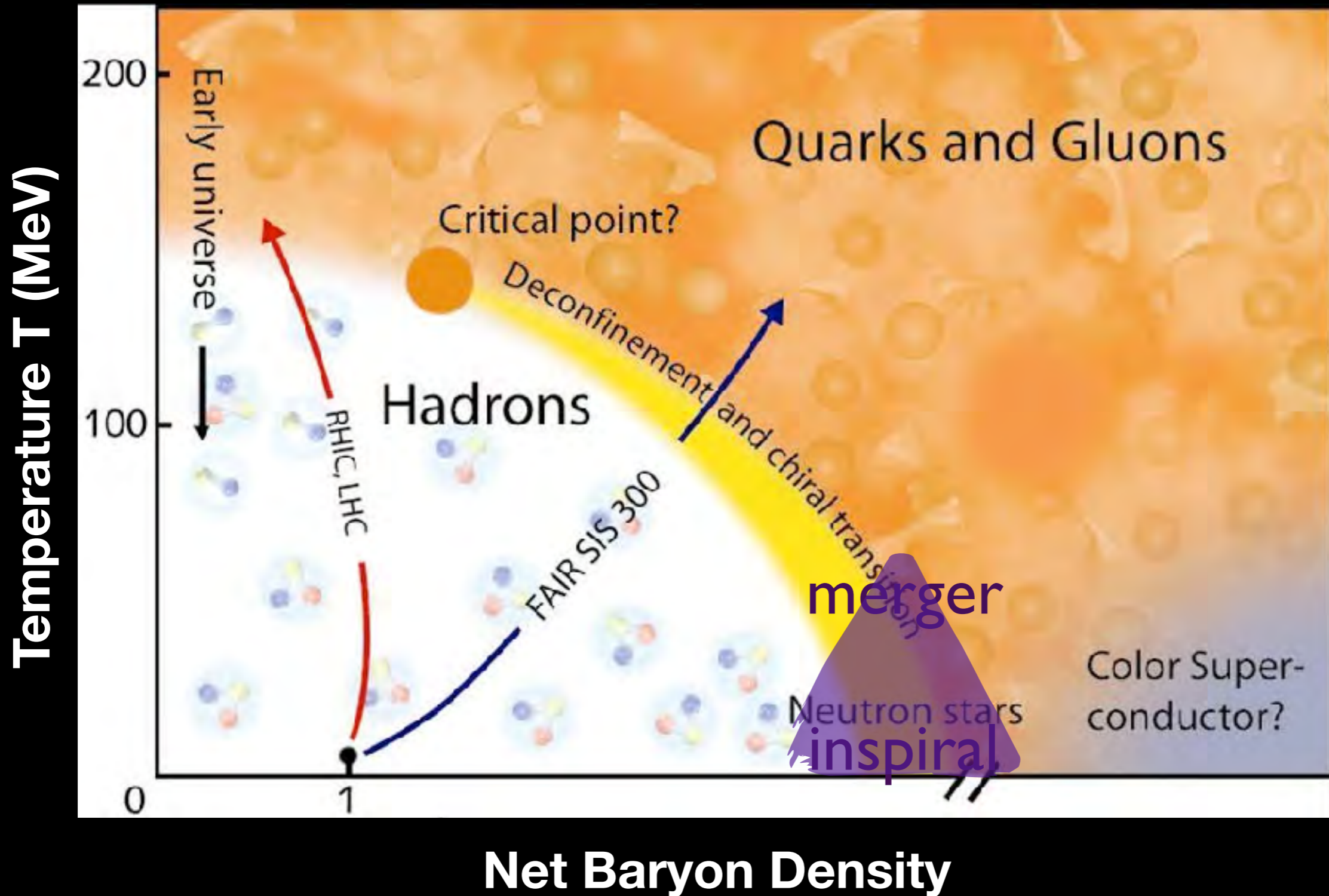
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vTeAFAGpfso>



GW170817 Masses and Spin



An astrophysical collider



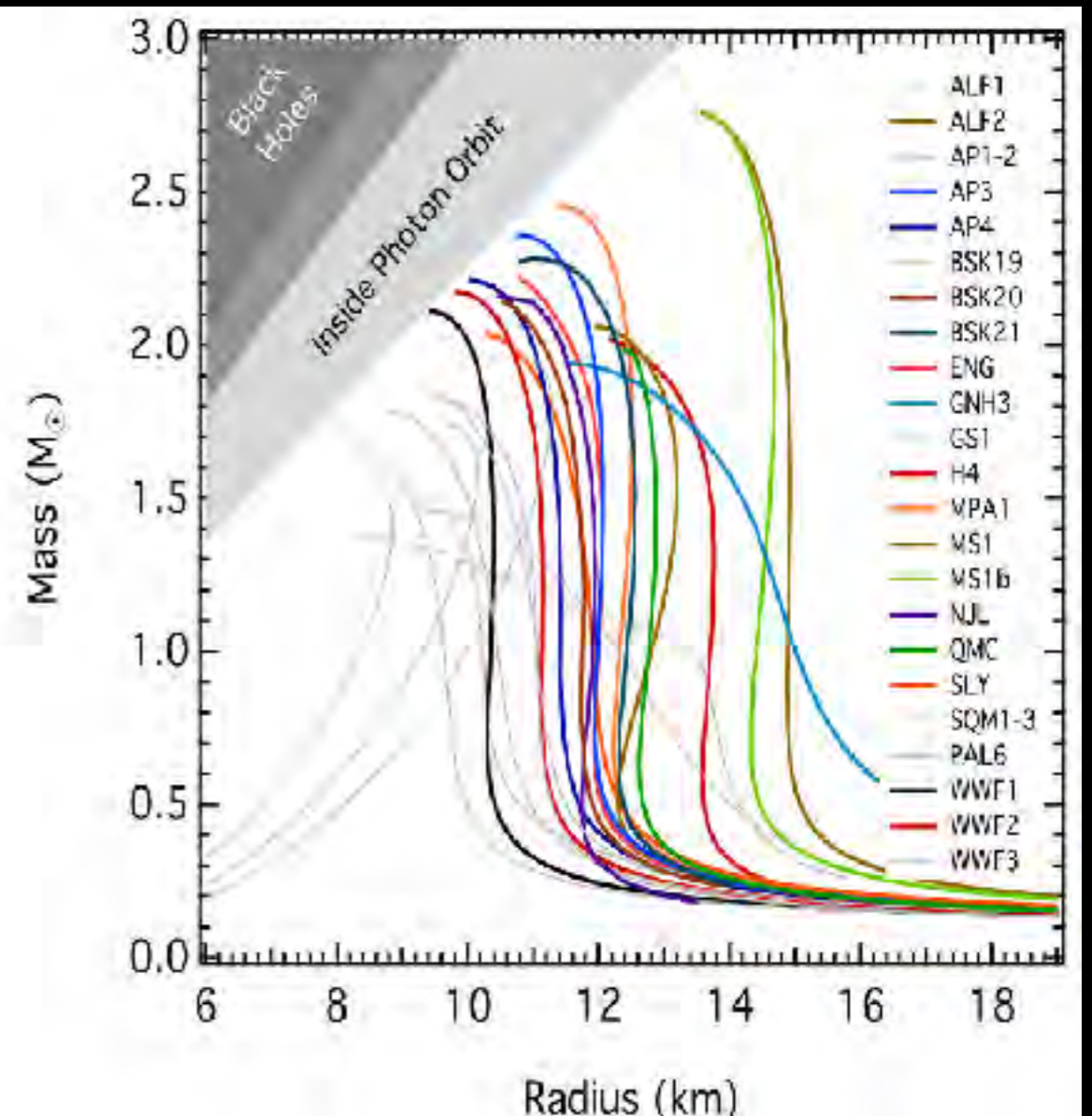
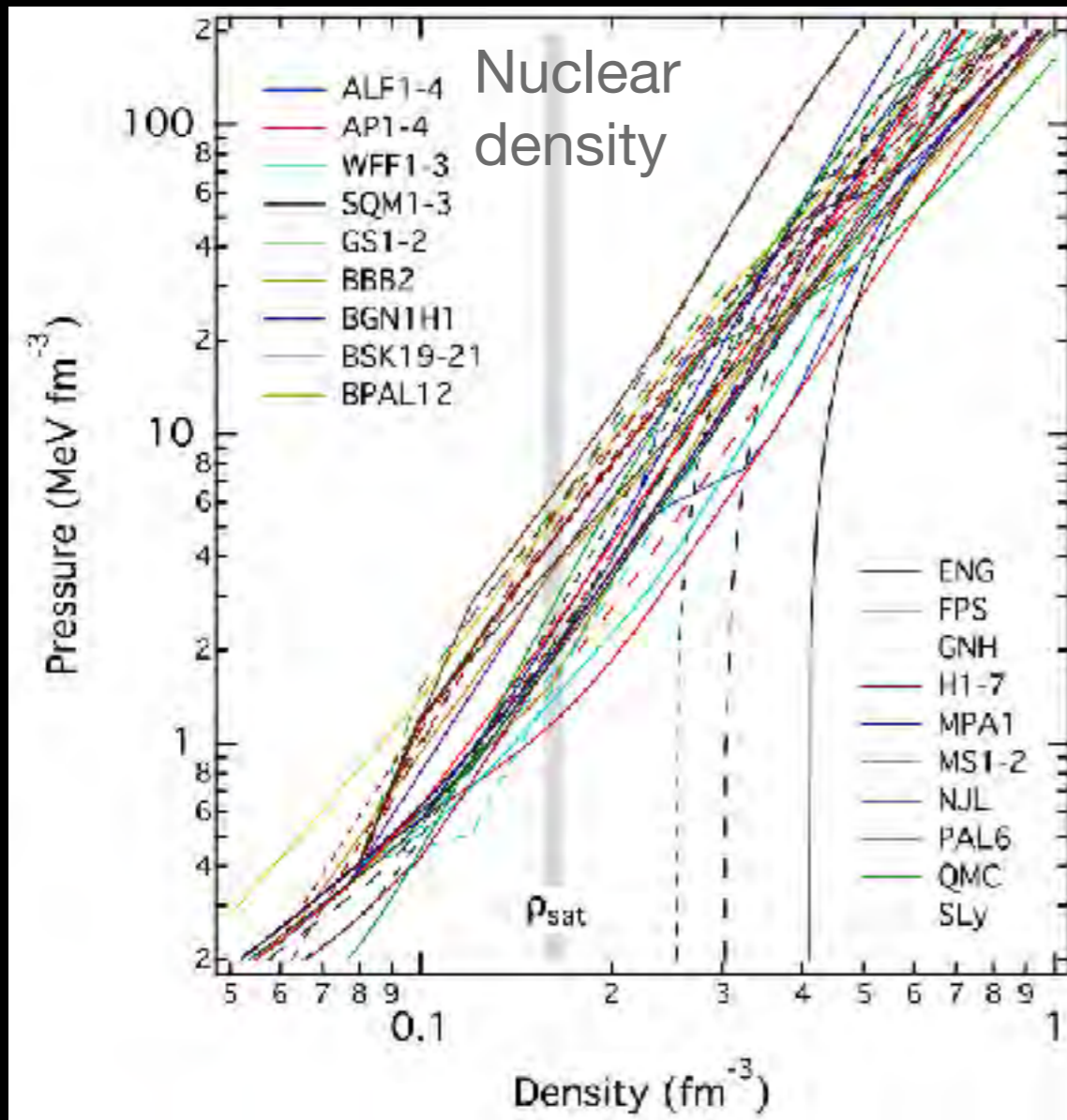
Properties of dense matter

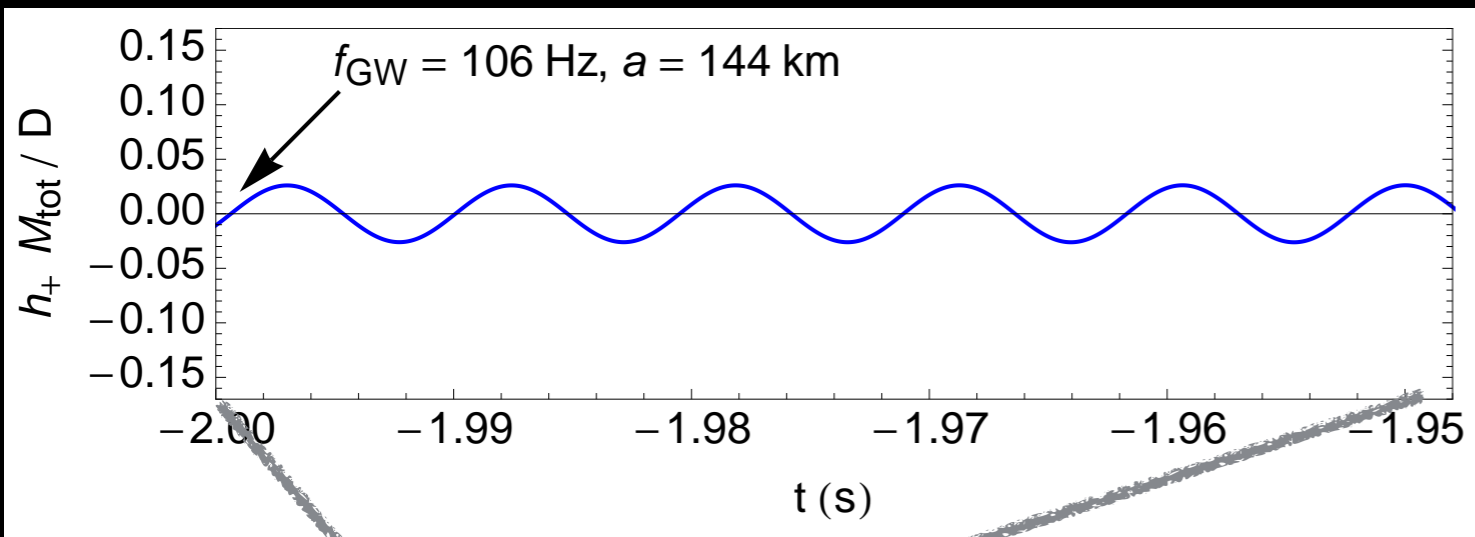
Equation of state in beta equilibrium



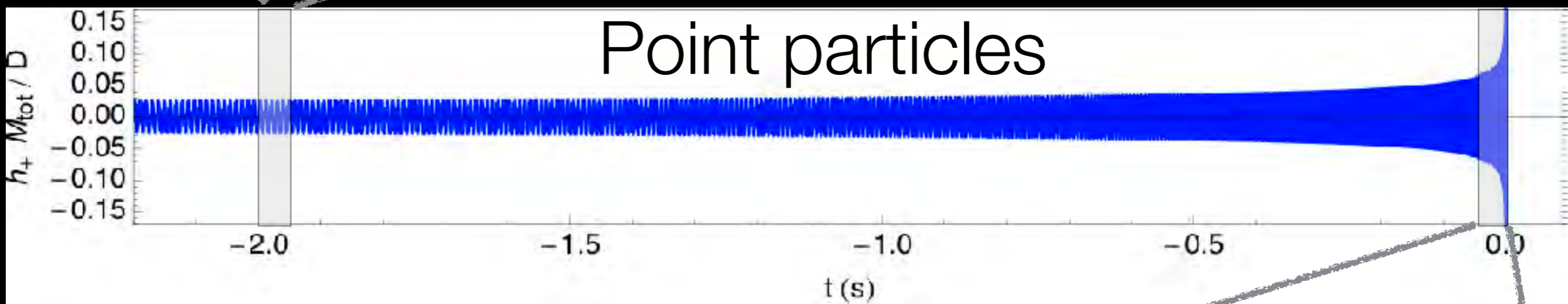
Neutron star properties

Mass-radius relation, max mass, deformability

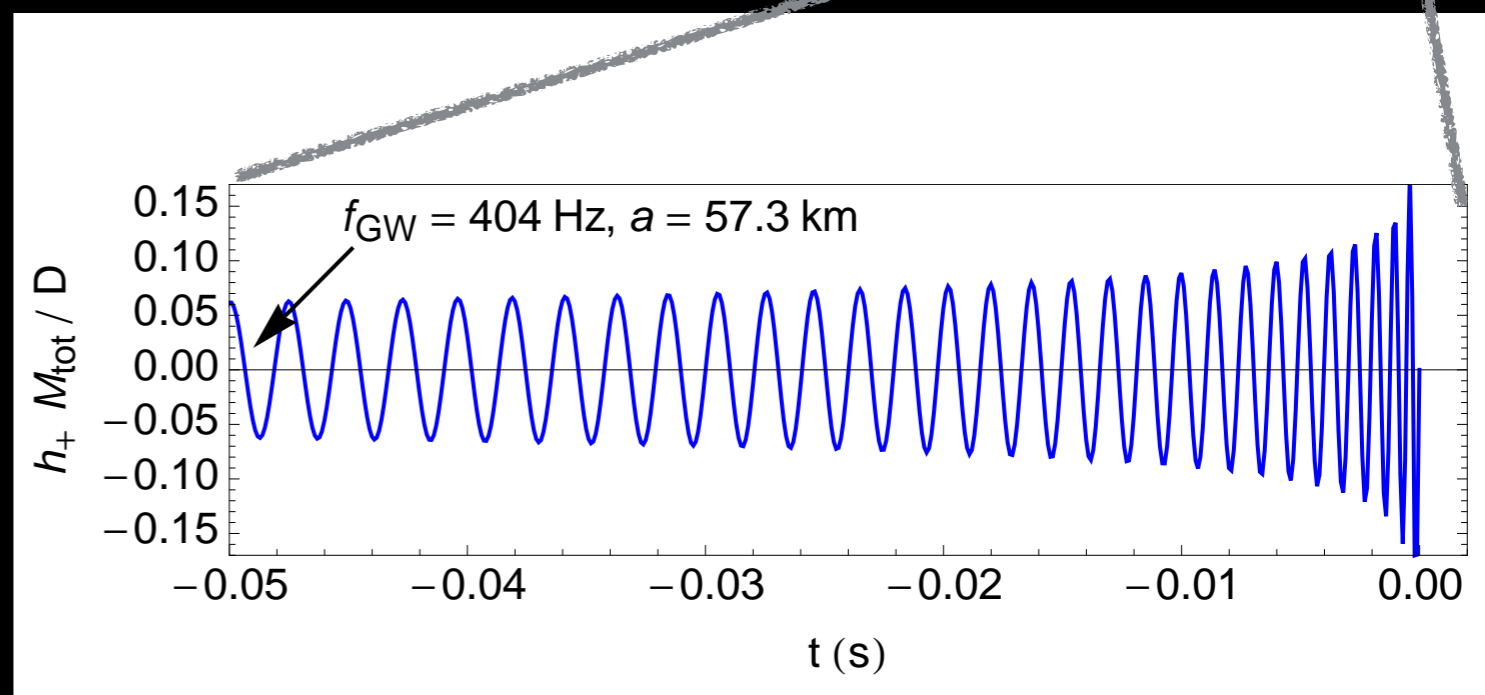


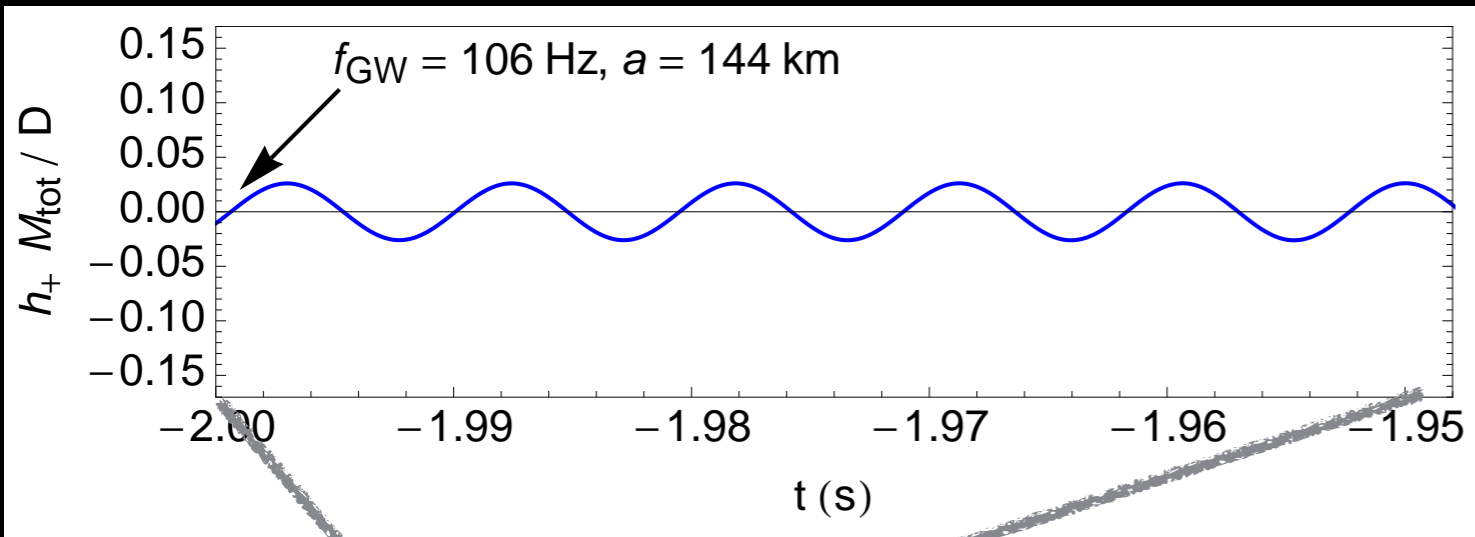


2 seconds before merger

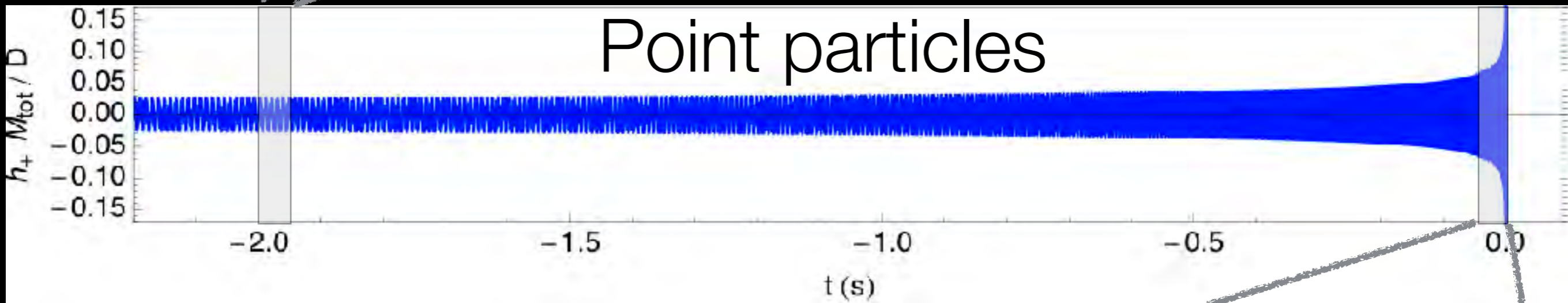


Final ~0.05 seconds

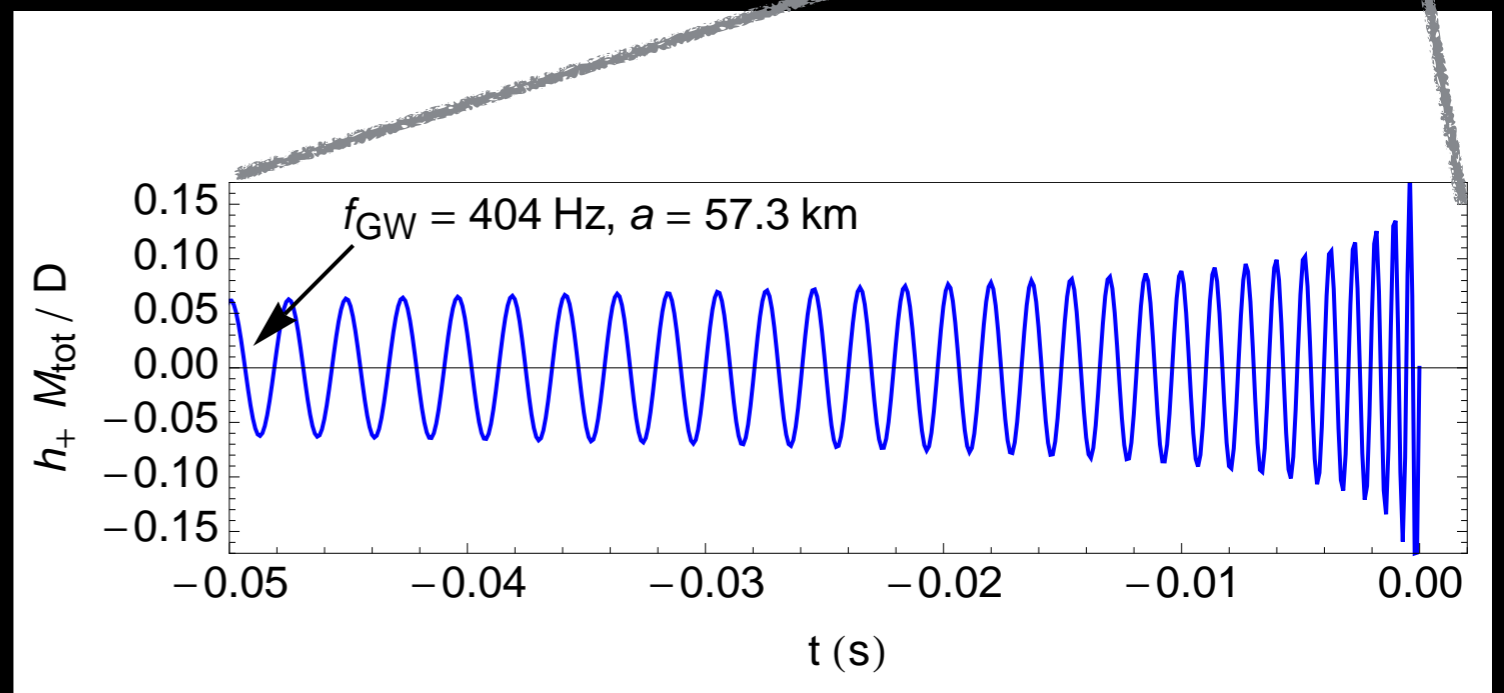


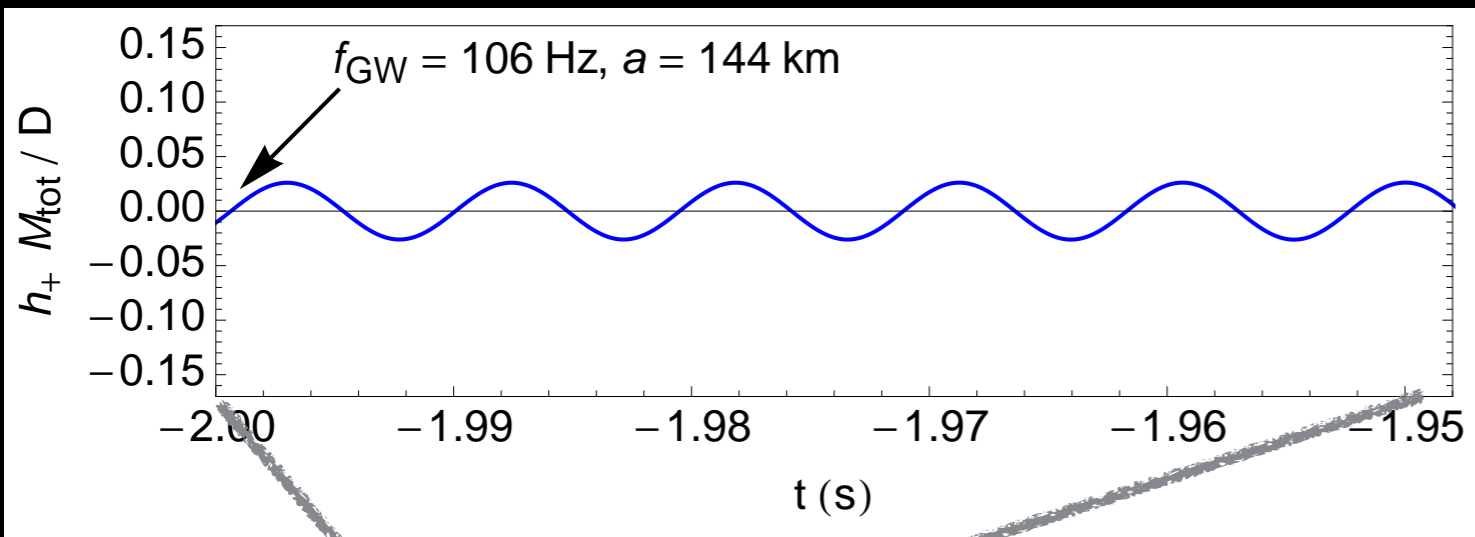


Early inspiral dynamics determined by masses and spins (hard to modify!)

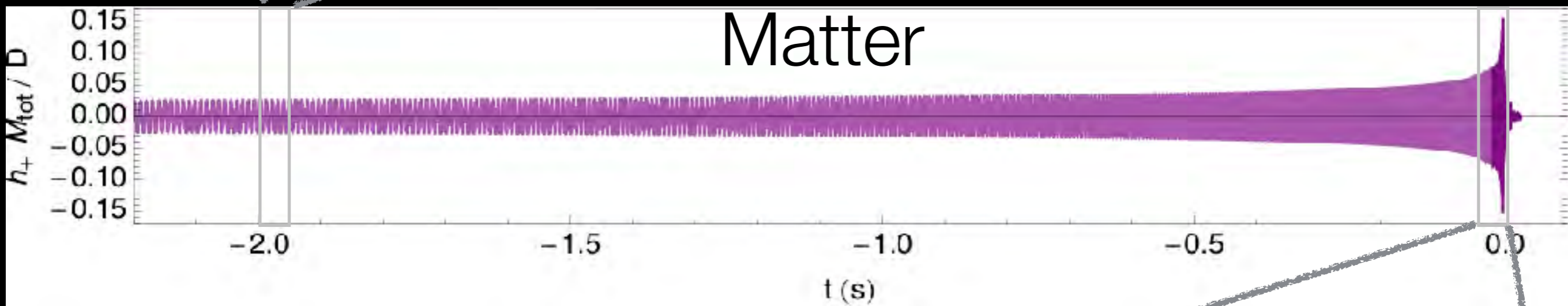


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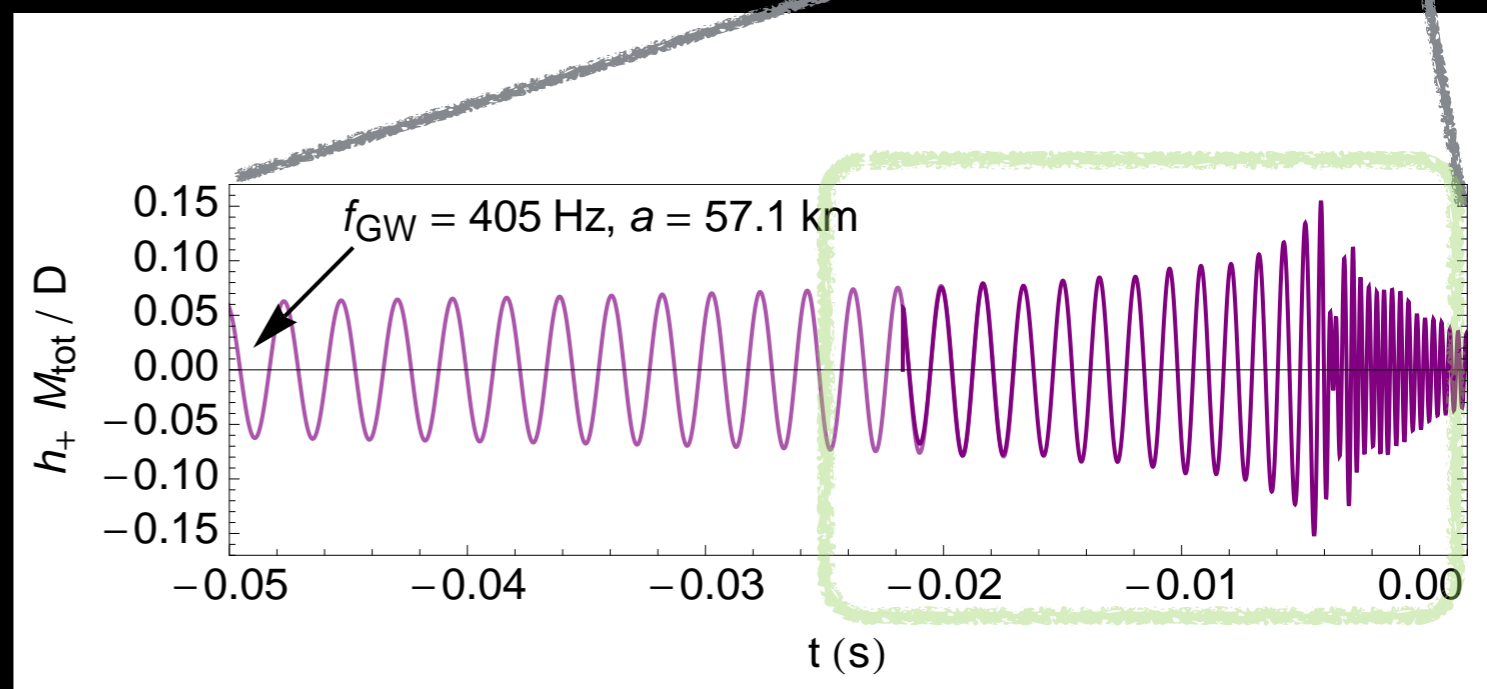


Early inspiral dynamics determined by masses and spins (hard to modify!)



Tidal interactions lead to accumulated phase shift at higher frequencies.

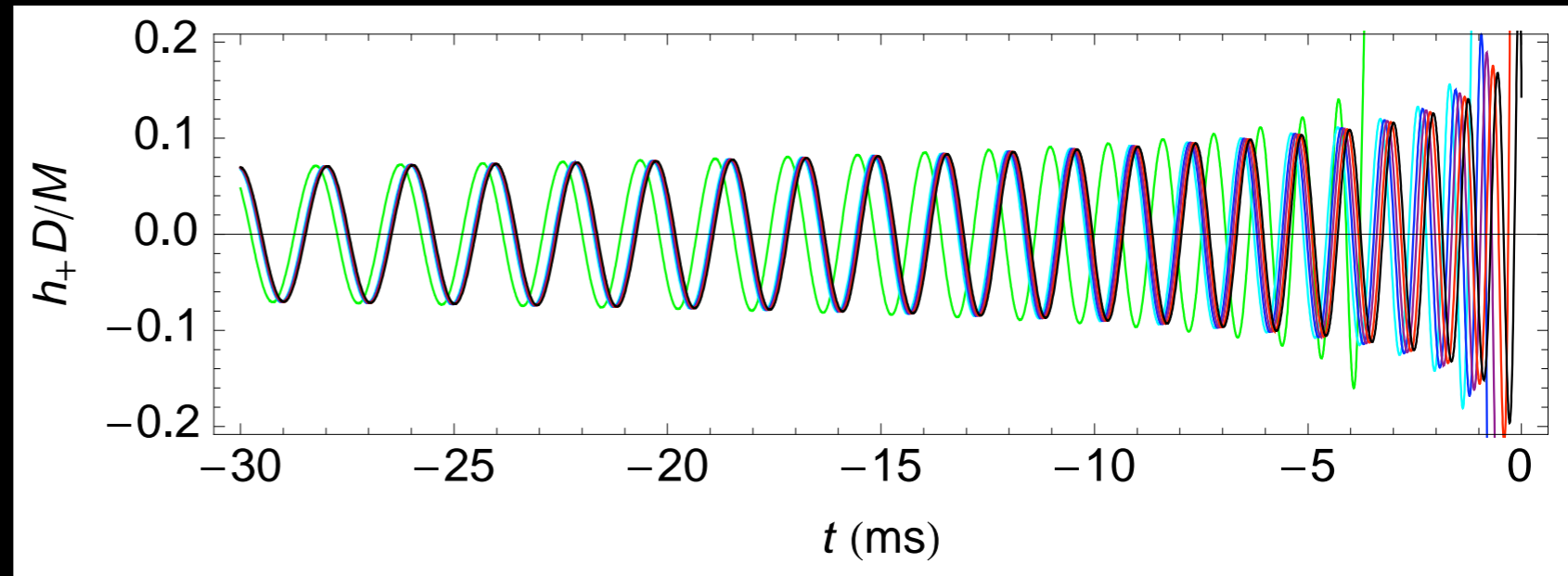
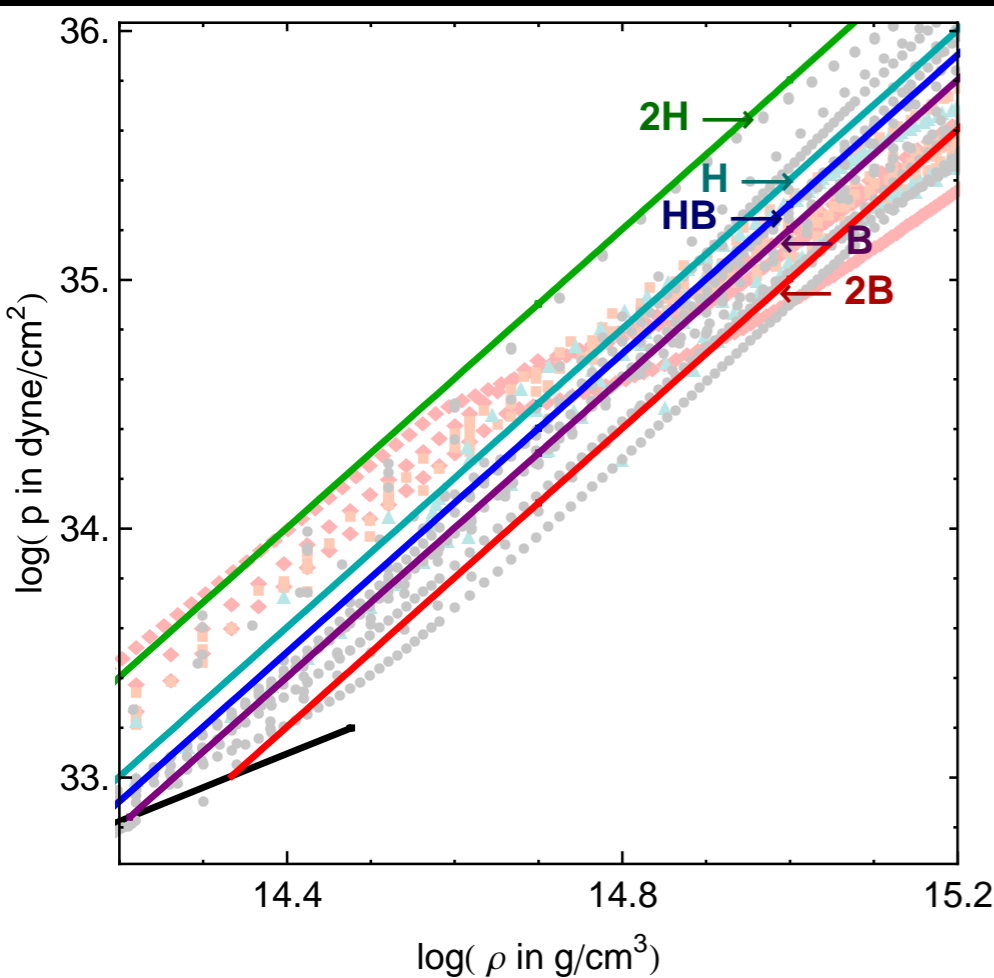
Numerical simulations for the final coalescence



Matter effects on inspiral

- Deformation accelerates inspiral
- Size of effect on waveform determined by tidal deformability:

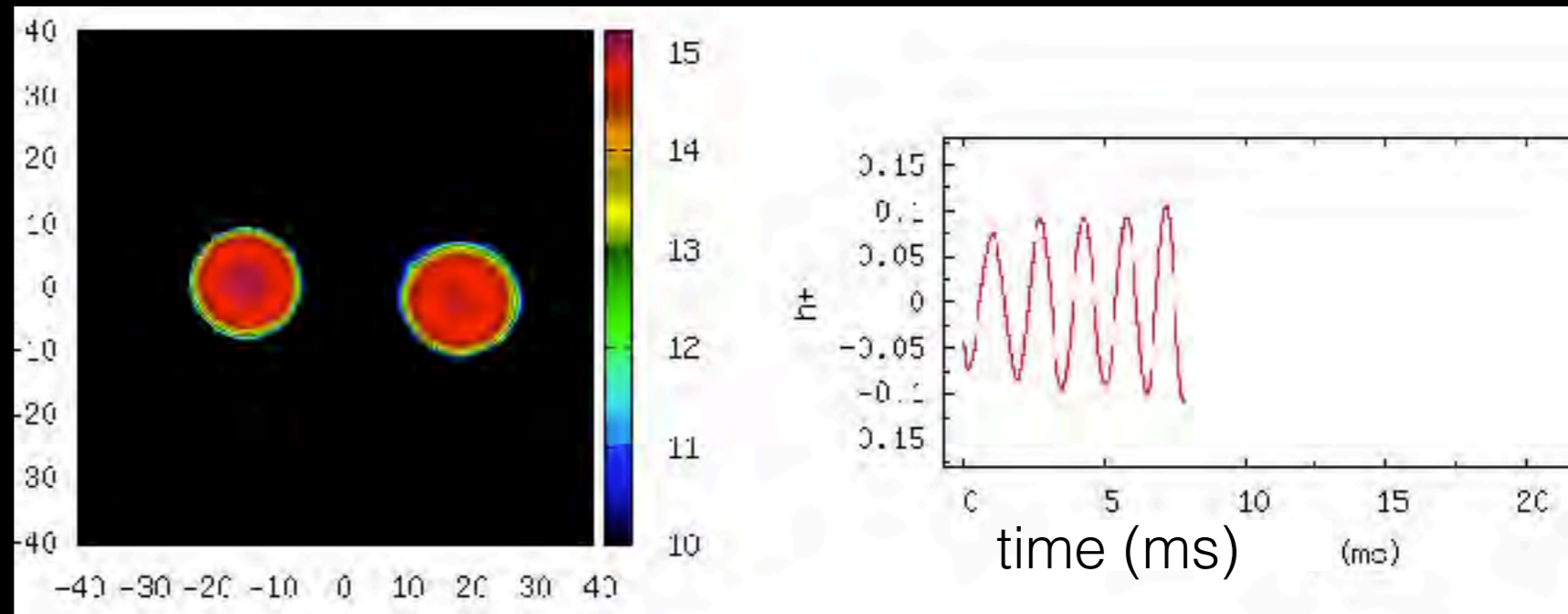
$$\Lambda = \frac{2}{3} k_2 \left(\frac{R}{M} \right)^5$$



extreme radius like 2H disfavored by GW170817

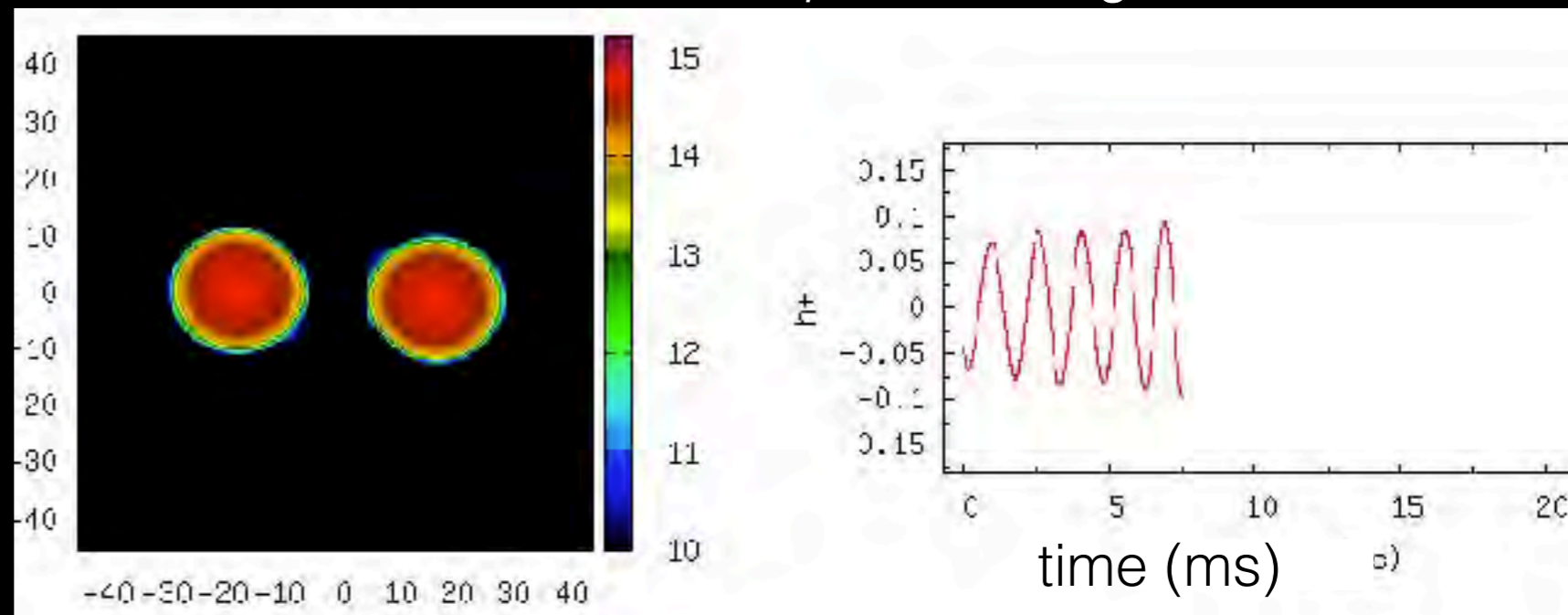
Merger

Compact stars:
merge at higher
frequency, more
similar to BBH



*GW170817 post-merger
hidden by detector noise*
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.09320>

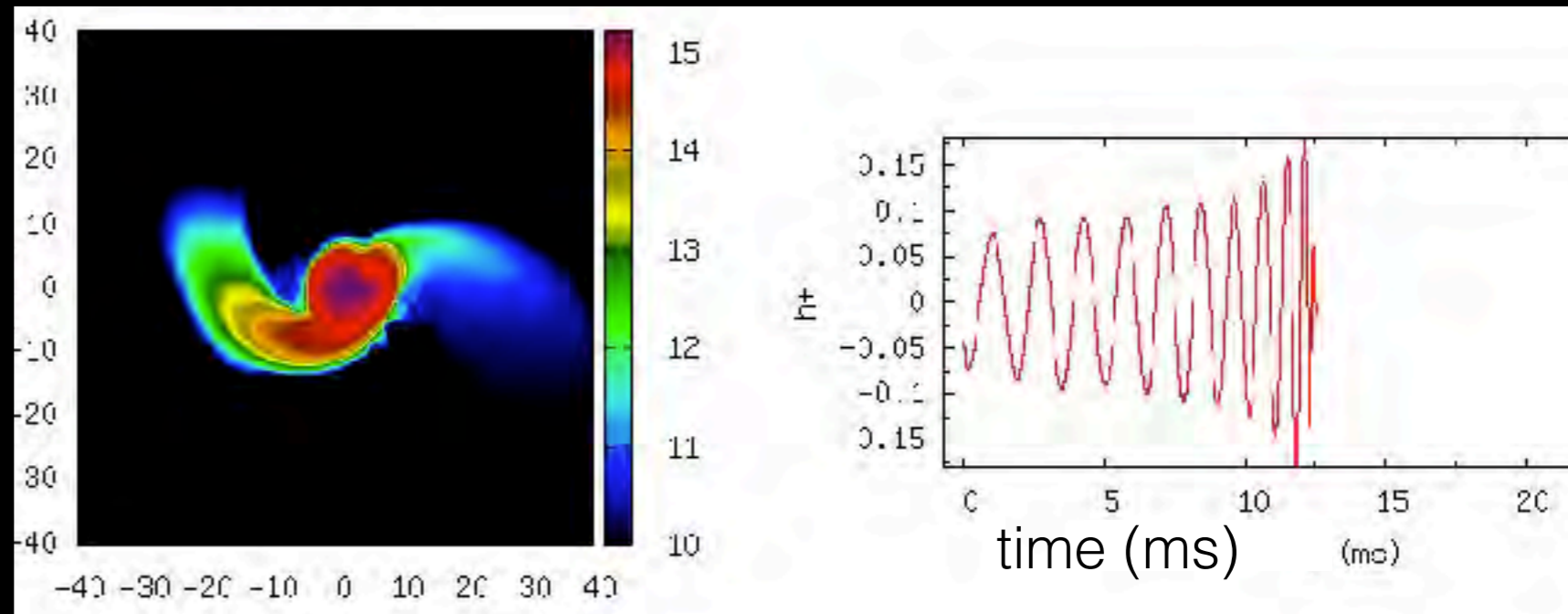
Large-radius
stars:
collide earlier,
merge at lower
frequency



Numerical simulations: K. Hotokezaka, YITP

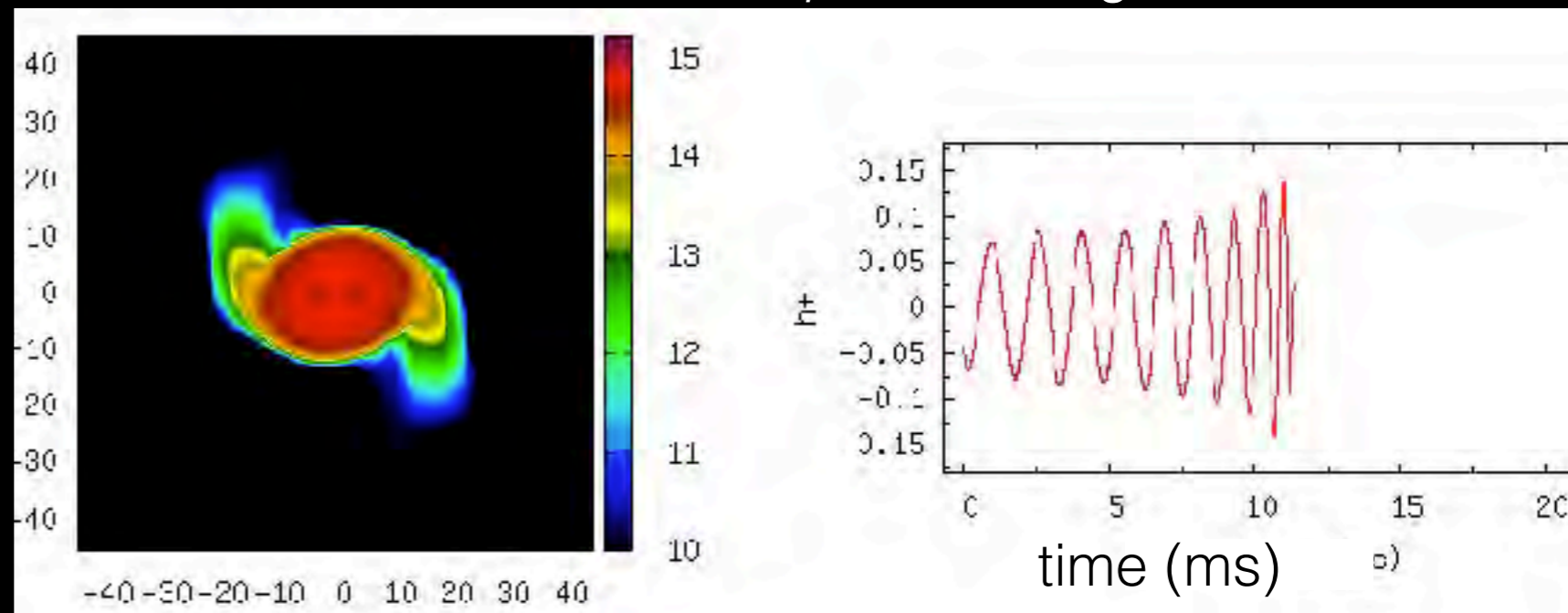
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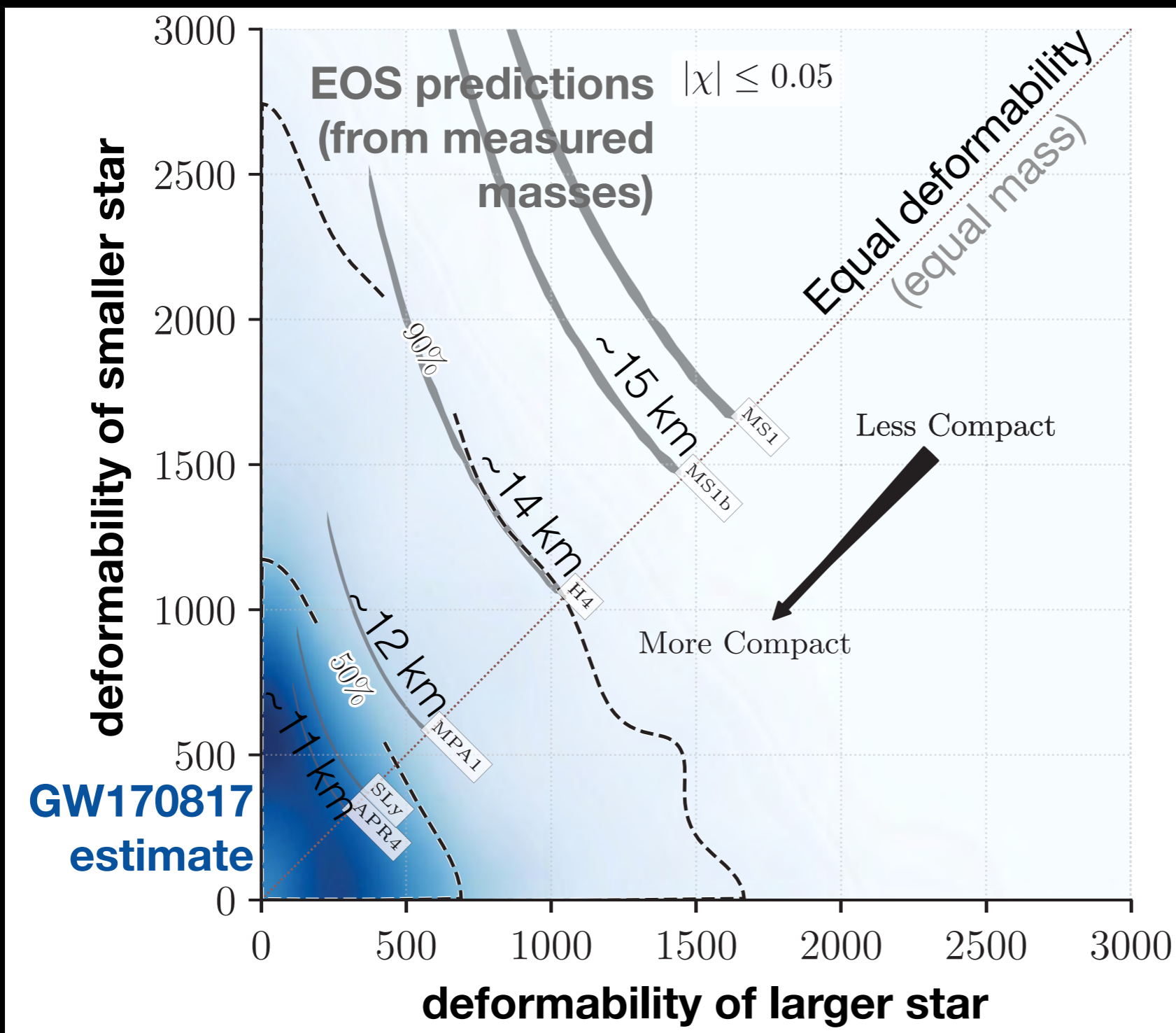
Numerical simulations: K. Hotokezaka, YITP

Dense matter in GW170817

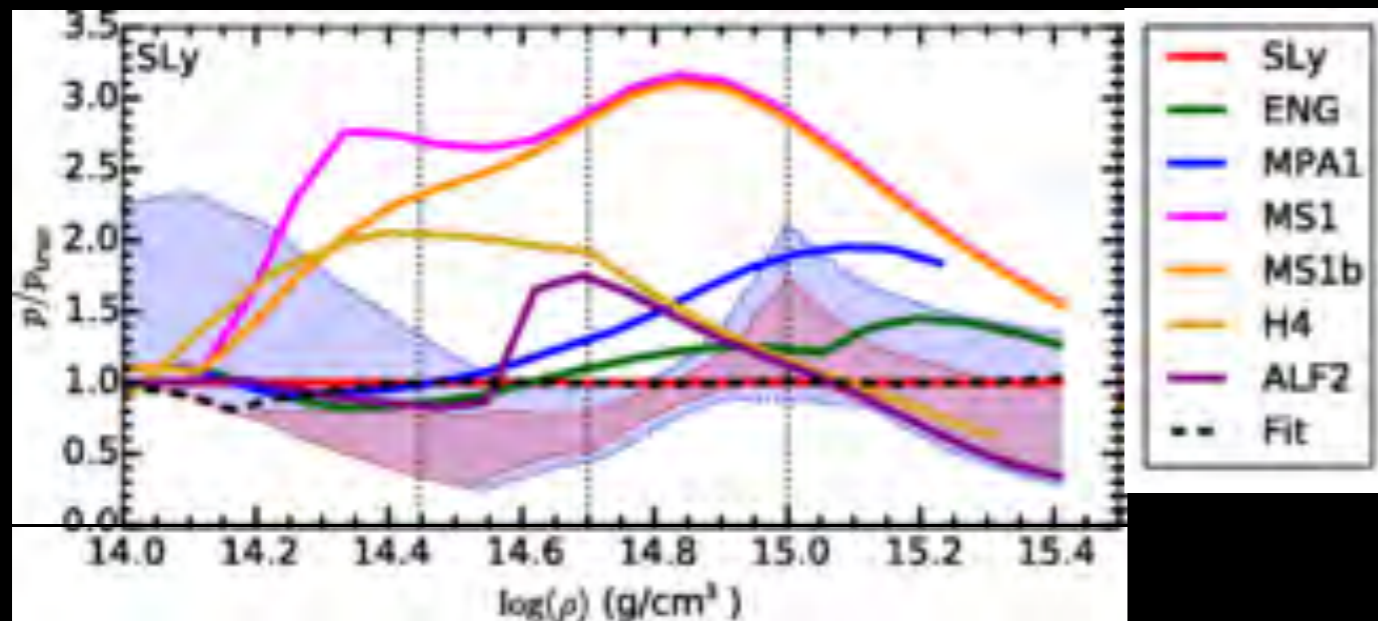
TaylorF2 model,
low-spin prior

Independent
deformabilities
(no assumption
that both are NS
w/same EOS)

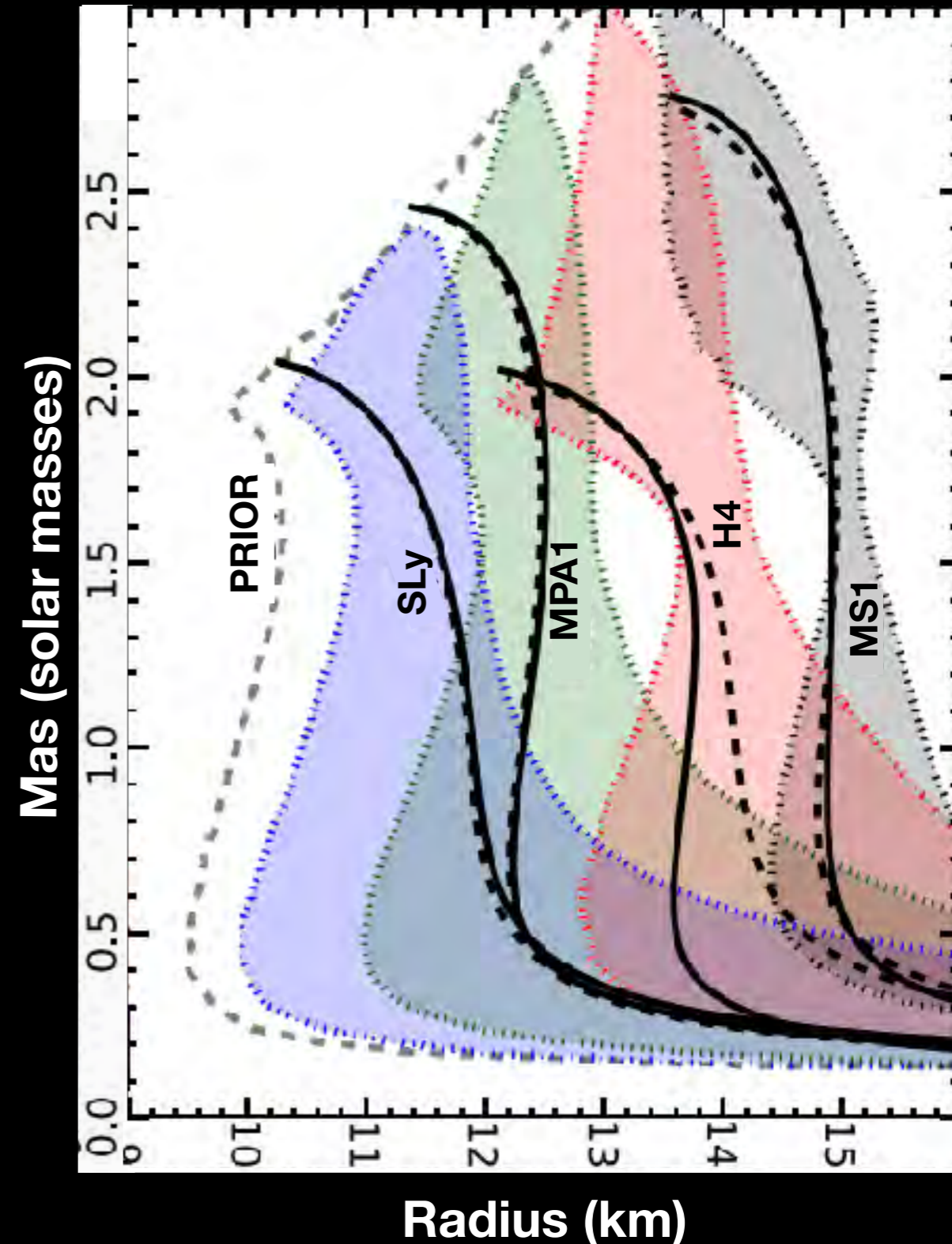
In progress:
waveform
systematics,
direct EOS
constraint



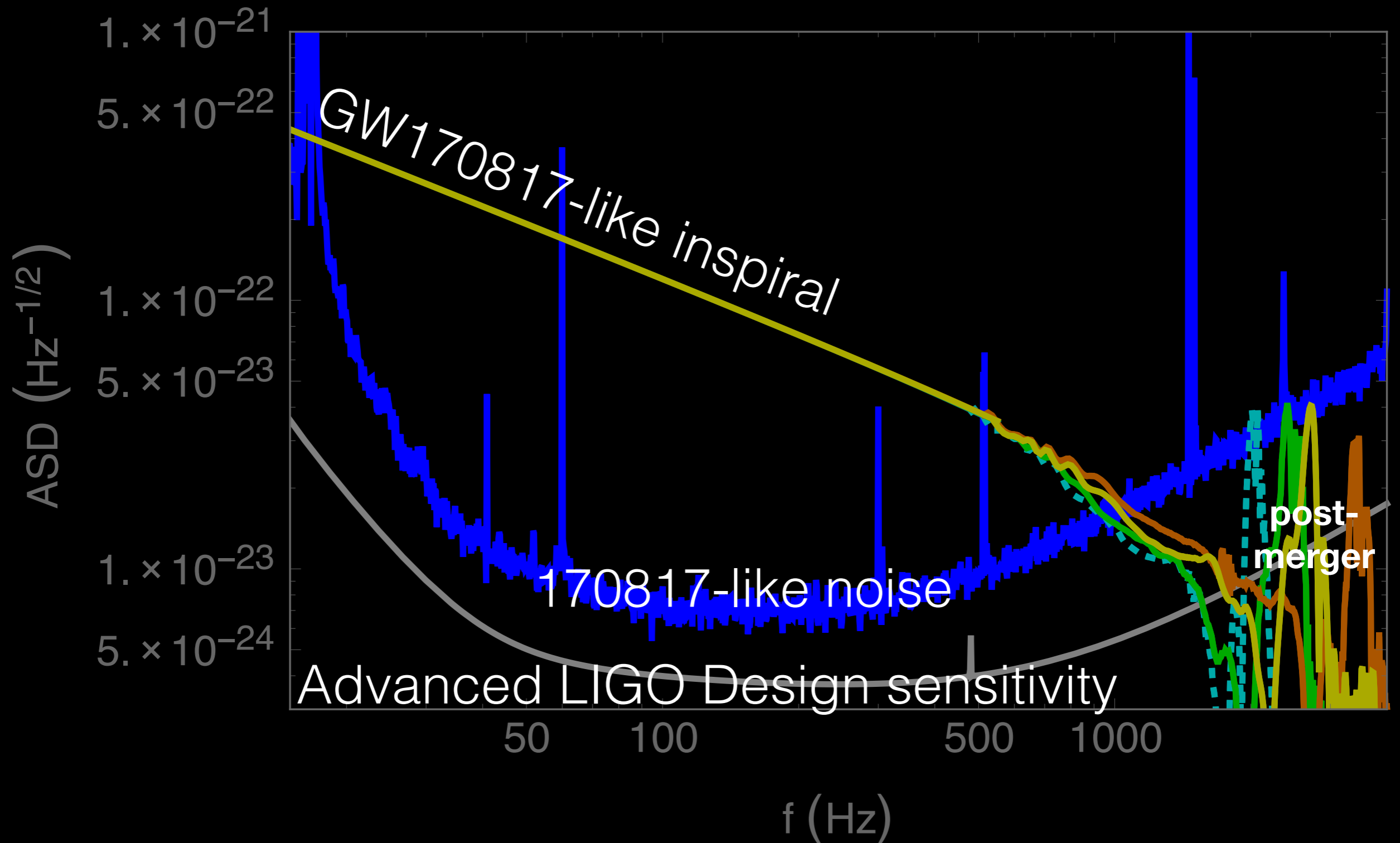
Future possibilities for EOS/NS radius



- 95% regions
- 40 events (~ 1 yr)
- Advanced LIGO design
- Direct EOS constraint;
- implications for radius



Gravitational-wave spectrum



Above 500Hz: simulation data Tim Dietrich (AEI/FSU/BAM Collaboration)

Phys. Rev. D95(12):124006 and Phys. Rev. D95(2):024029.